AKEMI®

### according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 16.03.2021 Version number 6 Revision: 16.03.2021

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

Akepox 1009 Component A · Trade name:

11682, 11683, 11684, 11685, 11690, 12682, 12683, 12684, 12690, 11716, · Article number:

12716

· UFI: CDV2-209A-500H-F139

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the

Reaction resin mixture

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: AKEMI chemisch technische Spezialfabrik GmbH

Laboratory

Lechstrasse 28 D 90451 Nürnberg

Tel. +49(0)911-642960 Fax. +49(0)911-644456 e-mail info@akemi.de

· Further information obtainable from:

1.4 Emergency telephone

number:

Product Safety Department AKEMI chemisch technische Spezialfabrik GmbH

Tel. +49(0)911-64296-59

Reachable during the following office hours: Monday – Thursday from 07:30 a.m. to 16:30 p.m.

Friday from 07:30 a.m. to 13:30 p.m.

+44 (171) 635 91 91 National Poison Inform. Centre Medical Toxicology Unit

Avalonley Road London SE14 5ER

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to Regulation

(EC) No 1272/2008 · Hazard pictograms

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.





GHS07 GHS09

· Signal word Warning

Hazard-determining components of

labelling: reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average

molecular weight = 700)

· Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Precautionary statements P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at

hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.

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P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection/hearing protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/

regional/national/international regulations.

· Additional information: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.√PvB: Not applicable.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures

Description: Mixture: consisting of the following components.

· Dangerous components:		
NLP: 500-033-5 Index number: 603-074-00-8	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	50-100%
CAS: 108-32-7	propylene carbonate Eye Irrit. 2, H319	12.5-25%
EINECS: 202-859-9	Benzyl alcohol Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	1-5%

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information: Take affected persons out into the fresh air.

Position and transport stably in side position.

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

· After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for

transportation.

· After skin contact: If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

· After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist,

consult a doctor.

· After swallowing: Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Information for doctor: The sensitizing effect of epoxide based resins is mainly caused by the

concentration of epoxy resin polymers with a specific molecular weight  $\leq$  300. The observed allergic dermal and respiratory appearances should be treated symptomatically in dependence of the severity. An epoxy resin based allergic disease belongs to a cell mediated (interaction of lymphocytes) type IV allergy. Bisphenol-A based resins: Inhalation, swallowing or dermal incorporation may cause health damage. Irritates respiratory tract, digestion system, eyes and skin: e.g., cough, dyspnea, lacrimation, burning. May cause health interferences such

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as dermal changes, renal, hepatic damage, and blood count changes. May provoke skin allergies. Sensitized users can react towards very low concentrations of Bisphenol-A-Epichlorhydrine and should avoid any further contact with this chemical.

• 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Breathing difficulty

Headache
Dizziness
Dizziness
Profuse sweating

Nausea

Allergic reactions

· Hazards Danger of impaired breathing.

Skin contact with polyester and epoxy resin solutions as ingredient of the product should be avoided due to risks of skin irritations or allergic skin appearances. If occasional hand contact can not be avoided, protection gloves, proper protection ointments and protective agents generating a protective layer on the skin were applied.

• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

If swallowed, gastric irrigation with added, activated carbon.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol

resistant foam.

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO)

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device. Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

· <u>Additional information</u> C

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage

system.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with

official regulations.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

• <u>6.2 Environmental precautions:</u> Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage

system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

• 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose of the material collected according to regulations.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal

binders, sawdust).

Ensure adequate ventilation.

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· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 13 for disposal information.

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

handling Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

· Information about fire - and

No special measures required. explosion protection:

### · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

· Requirements to be met by

storerooms and receptacles: Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Store only in the original receptacle.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from reducing agents.

Further information about storage

conditions:

Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Storage class: 12

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Additional information about design

of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the

100-51-6 Benzyl alcohol

workplace: The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical

values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

#### · DNELs 25068-38-6 reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700) Oral DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) 0.75 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) 0.75 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) Dermal DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) 8.33 mg/kg bw/day (ARB) 3.571 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) 8.33 mg/kg bw/day (ARB) 3.571 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) Inhalative DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) 12.25 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Air (ARB) DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | 12.25 mg/m³ Air (ARB)

Oral	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	25 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
	DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)	5 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
Dermal	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	47 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)

28.5 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)

DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) 9.5 mg/kg bw/day (ARB) 5.7 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)

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			(Contd. of page 4)
ſ	Inhalative	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	450 mg/m³ Air (ARB)
			40.55 mg/m³ Air (BEV)
		DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)	90 mg/m³ Air (ARB)
			8.11 mg/m³ Air (BEV)

#### · PNECs

## 25068-38-6 reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700)

PNEC (wässrig) 10 mg/l (KA)
0.0006 mg/l (MW)
0.006 mg/l (SW)

0.018 mg/l (WAS)
PNEC (fest) 0.0478 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)
0.00627 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)

0.00627 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)

### 108-32-7 propylene carbonate

PNEC (wässrig) 7,400 mg/l (KA) 0.09 mg/l (MW) 0.9 mg/l (SW) 9 mg/l (WAS)

Trade name: Akepox 1009 Component A

PNEC (fest) 0.81 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)

### 100-51-6 Benzyl alcohol

PNEC (wässrig) 39 mg/l (KA) 0.1 mg/l (MW)

> 1 mg/l (SW) 2.3 mg/l (WAS)

PNEC (fest) 0.456 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)

0.527 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS) 5.27 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)

· Additional information:

· Protection of hands:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

· Personal protective equipment:

· General protective and hygienic

measures:

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Clean skin thoroughly immediately after handling the product.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Not necessary if room is well-ventilated.

• Respiratory protection: Not necessary if room is Short term filter device:

Filter A/P2

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device. Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Skin protection agent recommendation for preventive skin shelter in application

and combination of protective gloves:

STOKO EMULSION (http://www.stoko.com)

Skin protection recommendation for skin cleaning after product handling:

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Kresto Classic (http://debstoko.com)
Skin protection agent recommendation for skin aftercare:
STOKO VITAN (http://www.stoko.com)



### Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

The protection gloves to be used have to comply with the specifications of the directive 89/686/EC and the directive derived decree EN374, respectively, e.g. the above listed protection glove type. The mentioned permeation times' data were generated and verified with material samples of the recommended protection glove type in the scope of laboratory anylyses of the company KCL GmbH in compliance with EN374.

This recommendation refers exclusively to the material safety data sheet referenced product delivered by Akemi and the indicated field of application. In case of product dilution or in case of mixture with different substances or chemicals, and in condition of EN374 deviation the producer of CE-approved protection gloves must be contacted for detailed information (e.g., KCL GmbH, Germany, 36124 Eichenzell, internet: http://www.kcl.de).

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

Butyl rubber, BR Nitrile rubber, NBR Chloroprene rubber, CR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. Value for the permeation: Level  $\leq 6$ , 480 min

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Butyl rubber, BR

Butoject (KCL, Art\_No. 897, 898)

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Camatril (KCL, Art No. 730, 731, 732, 733)

Dermatril (Art No. 740, 741, 742)

Chloroprene rubber, CR

Camapren (KCL, Art\_No. 720, 722, 726)

 As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Dermatril (KCL, Art\_No. 740, 741, 742) Camatril (KCL, 730, 731, 732, 733)

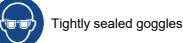
Chloroprene rubber, CR

Camapren (KCL, Art\_No. 720, 722, 726)

· Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Leather gloves Strong material gloves

· Eye protection:



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· Body protection: Protective work clothing (Contd. of page 6)

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

• 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Fluid Form: Colour: Yellowish · Odour: Characteristic · pH-value: Not applicable

· Change in condition

Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined. Initial boiling point and boiling range: >200 °C

· Flash point: Not applicable.

· Ignition temperature: 430 °C

Product does not present an explosion hazard. Explosive properties:

· Explosion limits:

1.9 Vol % Lower: 0.0 Vol % Upper:

· Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 2 hPa

· Density at 20 °C: 1.16 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

Not miscible or difficult to mix. water:

· Viscosity:

Dynamic at 20 °C: 1,200 mPas Kinematic: Not determined.

· Solvent content:

20.9 % Organic solvents:

· 9.2 Other information No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.

10.2 Chemical stability

· Thermal decomposition /

conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions May produce violent reactions with bases and numerous organic substances

including alcohols and amines. Reacts with strong acids.

Reacts with reducing agents.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No further relevant information available. · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products: Irritant gases/vapours

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:		
ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)		
		21,086 mg/kg (mouse)
D	1 5 5 6	40.550 (1. ( 1.1.11)

Dermal LD50 40,550 mg/kg (rabbit) Inhalative LC50/4 h 223 mg/l (rat)

25068-38-6 rea	action product: bisphenol-A-(ep	pichlorhydrin) epoxy resin	(number average m	olecular weight =
70	0)			

	-	
Oral	LD50	20,000 mg/kg (mouse)
		19,800 mg/kg (rabbit)
		11,400 mg/kg (rat)
	NOEL	540 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)
Dermal	LD50	20,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

### 108-32-7 propylene carbonate

Oral	LD50	33,520 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Dominai		2,000 mg/ng (nabbn)
100-51-6 E	Benzyl alco	phol
Oral	LD50	1,040 mg/kg (mouse)
		1,040 mg/kg (rabbit)
		1,620 mg/kg (rat)
	NOEL	400 mg/kg (rat)
	NOAEL	200 mg/kg (mouse)
		400 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/8h	1,000 ppm (rat)
	LC50/4 h	11 mg/l (rat)
	LC50/48h	360 mg/l (daphnia magna)
		645 mg/l (goo)

· Primary irritant effect:

· Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

· <u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u> Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

· Additional toxicological information:

· CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Germ cell mutagenicity
 Carcinogenicity
 Reproductive toxicity
 STOT-single exposure
 STOT-repeated exposure
 Aspiration hazard
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

A aventin toxin	<u></u>
· Aquatic toxic	
7	eaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700)
EC50/24h	1.1-3.6 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/96h	3.6 mg/l (Leuciscus idus)
	220 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)
IC50	>100 mg/l (bacteria)
EC50/48h	1.8 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)
NOEC	0.3 mg/kg (daphnia magna) (OECD 211)
EC50/72h	11 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
	9.4 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum)
LC50/96h	1.3 mg/l (piscis)
	2 mg/l (Leuciscus idus)
	1.5 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD 203)
	1.5-7.7 mg/l (rainbow trout)
LC50/72h	>11 mg/l (green alge)
-	pylene carbonate
EC10/16h	>10,000 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
EC50/48h	>1,000 mg/l (daphnia magna)
LC0/96h	1,000 mg/l (Cyprinus carpio)
NOEC	900 mg/kg (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
LC50/96h	>1,000 mg/l (Cyprinus carpio)
	5,300 mg/l (Leuciscus idus)
100-51-6 Be	•
EC50/24h	55-400 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/96h	640 mg/l (Scenedesmus pluvialis)
EC50	2,100 mg/l (BES) (OECD 209)
	79 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)
EC10/16h	658 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
EC50/48h	230 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)
EC0	640 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)
EC50/16h	658 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
EC50/30min	71.4 mg/l (Photobac. phosphoreum)
	400 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
IC5/96h	640 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)
NOEC	310 mg/kg (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
NOEC/21d	51 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD211)
EC50/72h	770 mg/l (green alge) (OECD 201)
	770 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
LC50/96h	645 mg/l (goo)
	10 mg/l (lepomis macrochirus)
	460 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)

### 12.2 Persistence and

degradability
No further relevant information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No further relevant information available.

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• **12.4 Mobility in soil** No further relevant information available.

· Ecotoxical effects:

· Remark: Toxic for fish

· Additional ecological information:

· General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Toxic for aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for

water

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \cdot & \underline{\mathsf{PBT:}} & & \mathsf{Not applicable.} \\ \cdot & \underline{\mathsf{vPvB:}} & & \mathsf{Not applicable.} \end{array}$ 

• **12.6 Other adverse effects** No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to

reach sewage system.

· Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation: Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after

thorough and proper cleaning.

· Recommended cleansing agents: Alcohol

acetone

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

· 14.1 UN-Number	
ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3082
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name	
· ADR	3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700))
· <u>IMDG</u>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700)), MARINE POLLUTANT
· <u>IATA</u>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700))
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	

#### · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



· Class 9 (M6) Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles.

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· <u>Label</u>	9
· IMDG, IATA	
· <u>Class</u> · <u>Label</u>	Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles. 9
· <u>14.4 Packing group</u> · <u>ADR, IMDG, IATA</u>	III
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:     · Marine pollutant:     · Special marking (ADR):     · Special marking (IATA):	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: Yes Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree)
	, , ,
<ul> <li>14.6 Special precautions for user</li> <li>Hazard identification number (Kemler code):</li> <li>Stowage Category</li> </ul>	Warning: Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles. 90 A
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpe	
and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· <u>ADR</u> · <u>Excepted quantities (EQ)</u>	Code: E1 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
· <u>IMDG</u> · <u>Limited quantities (LQ)</u> · <u>Excepted quantities (EQ)</u>	5L Code: E1 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
· <u>UN "Model Regulation":</u>	UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (REACTION PRODUCT: BISPHENOL-A-(EPICHLORHYDRIN) EPOXY RESIN (NUMBER AVERAGE MOLECULAR WEIGHT = 700)), 9, III

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances -

ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· Seveso category E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

200 t

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier

requirements
Ouglifying quantity (tannea) for the

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier

requirements 500 t

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· National regulations:

· Information about limitation of use: Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be

· Waterhazard class: Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.

· VOC EU

70.9 q/l

· 15.2 Chemical safety

assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Recommended restriction of use refer to Technical Data Sheet (TDS)

· Department issuing SDS: Laboratory

Dieter Zimmermann · Contact:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de · Abbreviations and acronyms:

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European

Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2

Data compared to the previous

version altered. Adaptation in accordance with REACH directive 1907/2006/EC