according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

· Trade name: Akepox 2000 Component B

10617, 10618, 10619,0 · Article number: · UFI: X783-W0J3-E00T-Q4H6

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and

uses advised against No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the

mixture Epoxy resin adhesive

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: AKEMI chemisch technische Spezialfabrik GmbH

Laboratory

Lechstrasse 28 D 90451 Nürnberg

Tel. +49(0)911-642960 Fax. +49(0)911-644456 e-mail info@akemi.de

· Further information obtainable

from:

· 1.4 Emergency telephone

Product Safety Department AKEMI chemisch technische Spezialfabrik GmbH number:

Tel. +49(0)911-64296-59

Reachable during the following office hours: Monday – Thursday from 07:30 a.m. to 16:30 p.m.

Friday from 07:30 a.m. to 13:30 p.m.

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute Tox. 4 Harmful if inhaled. H332

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eve Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage. Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Muta. 2 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Repr. 2 H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

#### · 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to Regulation

(EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.









GHS05

GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3labelling:

epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-

trimethylcyclohexylamine

Benzyl alcohol

4-nonylphenol, branched

phenol

formaldehyde polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and phenol

m-phenylenebis(methylamine)

N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

· Hazard statements H332 Harmful if inhaled.

> H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

> > (Contd. on page 2)



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		(Contd. of page 1)
	H317 May ca	use an allergic skin reaction.
	H341 Suspec	cted of causing genetic defects.
		eted of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	H411 Toxic to	o aquatic life with long lasting effects.
· Precautionary statements	P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
	P102	Keep out of reach of children.
	P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.
	P260	Do not breathe vapours.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
	P303+P361+P3	353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
	P305+P351+P3	338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
	P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P405	Store locked up.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
· 2.3 Other hazards		
· Results of PBT and vPvB asse	ssment	
· <u>PBT:</u>	Not applicable.	
· vPvB:		
1760-24-3 N-(3-(trimethoxysily	l)propyl)ethylenediar	mine

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

· 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures · Description: Mixture Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:	
CAS: 38294-64-3 NLP: 500-101-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119965165-33  4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-a trimethylcyclohexylamine	
Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
CAS: 1950616-36-0 formaldehyde polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanar EC number: 701-207-5 Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	nine and phenol 12.5-25%
CAS: 100-51-6 Benzyl alcohol EINECS: 202-859-9 Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox 2, H319 Reg.nr.: 01-2119492630-38-0000	12.5-25% 4, H332; Eye Irrit.
CAS: 1477-55-0 m-phenylenebis(methylamine)  EINECS: 216-032-5 Skin Corr. 1B, H314  Reg.nr.: 01-2119480150-50-xxxx Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	<12.5%
CAS: 84852-15-3 EINECS: 284-325-5 Index number: 601-053-00-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119510715-45-xxxx Reg.nr.: 01-2119510715-45-xxxx	1-5%

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	(C	ontd. of page 2)
CAS: 69-72-7 EINECS: 200-712-3 Index number: 607-732-00-5 Reg.nr.: 01-2119486984-17	salicylic acid Repr. 2, H361d Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H302	1-5%
CAS: 108-95-2 EINECS: 203-632-7 Index number: 604-001-00-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119471329-32	phenol Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331 Muta. 2, H341; STOT RE 2, H373 Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	_ 1-5%
CAS: 1760-24-3 EINECS: 217-164-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119970215-39	N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine STOT RE 2, H373 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317 vPvB	1-5%
CAS: 2855-13-2 EINECS: 220-666-8 Index number: 612-067-00-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119514687-32-0000	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	_ 1-5%

·SVHC

84852-15-3 4-nonylphenol, branched

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information: Take affected persons out into the fresh air.

Position and transport stably in side position.

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical

observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

· After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for

transportation.

· After skin contact: If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a

doctor.

· After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

· <u>Information for doctor:</u> The symptoms of phenol based poisoning appearances are white coloured

mouth scabs, shock condition, insensibility, bradycardia and renal dysfunction and damage of renal tissue. Appropriate therapy measures: Administration of an adequate volume of liquid, gastrolavage in application of carbo medicinalis, sodium sulphate with plenty of water, infusion of glucose solution (5%);

maesures against state of shock, hemodialysis.

Nonylphenol based exposition: causes corrosive burns, damages respiratory tract, eyes, skin and digestive system up to complete tissue destruction. Temporary dysfunctions such as dizziness, headache, nausea and diarrhea may occur. Can cause health disturbances like dermal bleaching, renal and hepatic

damage.

Amines: Inhalation, swallowing or dermal contact may cause health damages. Cause burns, harm respiratory tract, eyes, skin, and digestion system in worst case up to complete destruction. Intermediate interferences such as headache, nausea, cough, dyspnea may occur. May cause allergies. Sensitized users may react towards very low amine concentrations and should avoid any further

contact with this group of chemicals.

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 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulty

Headache Dizziness Coughing

· <u>Hazards</u>

Danger of impaired breathing.

• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

If swallowed, gastric irrigation with added, activated carbon.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO) Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device. Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Mount respiratory protective device.

· Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage

system.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with

official regulations.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and

emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage

system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for

containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal

binders, sawdust). Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

**handling** Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

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Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

· Information about fire - and

explosion protection: No special measures required.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage:

· Requirements to be met by

storerooms and receptacles: Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

· Information about storage in one

common storage facility: Store away from oxidising agents.

Store away from foodstuffs.

· Further information about storage

conditions:

Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Keep container tightly sealed.

· Storage class:

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Additional information about design

Inhalative DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)

DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)

of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

#### 108-95-2 phenol

WEL Short-term value: 16 mg/m³, 4 ppm Long-term value: 7.8 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 2 ppm

· <u>DNELs</u>		
1950616-3	36-0 formaldehyde polymer	with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and phenol
Oral	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	3.33 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
	DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)	3.33 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
Dermal	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	0.00385-2.8 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)
		0.000167-0.008 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
	DNEL ( Langzeit-wiederholt)	0.000385-0.28 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)
		0.000167-0.008 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
Inhalative	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	2-6 mg/m³ Air (ARB)
	DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)	0.02 mg/m³ Air (ARB)
100-51-6 I	Benzyl alcohol	
Oral	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	25 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
	DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)	5 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
Dermal	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	47 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)
		28.5 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
	DNEL ( Langzeit-wiederholt)	9.5 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)
		5.7 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)

450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Air (ARB) 40.55 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Air (BEV)

90 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Air (ARB) 8.11 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Air (BEV)

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ae name:	Акеро	x 2000 Component B		
4477 55 0			in a	(Contd. of pa
	•	enylenebis(methylam	0.33 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)	
		, ,		
		, ,	1.2 mg/m³ Air (ARB)	
		nylphenol, branched	7.5 // // // // // // // // // // // // //	
		, -	7.5 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)	
		(Langzeit-wiederholt)	U.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Air (ARB)	
69-72-7 sa	-			
		(Kurzzeit-akut)	4 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
		(Langzeit-wiederholt)	1 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
Dermal	DNEL	( Langzeit-wiederholt)		
			1 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
Inhalative	DNEL	(Langzeit-wiederholt)	16 mg/m³ Air (ARB)	
			0.2-4 mg/m³ Air (BEV)	
108-95-2 p				
			0.4 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
		, -	0.4 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
Inhalative	DNEL	(Langzeit-wiederholt)	8 mg/m³ Air (ARB)	
			1.32 mg/m³ Air (BEV)	
1760-24-3	N-(3-(	trimethoxysilyl)propy	l)ethylenediamine	
Oral	DNEL	(Langzeit-wiederholt)	2.5 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
Dermal	DNEL	(Kurzzeit-akut)	5 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)	
			17 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
	DNEL	(Langzeit-wiederholt)	5 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)	
			2.5 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
Inhalative	DNEL	(Langzeit-wiederholt)	35.3 mg/m³ Air (ARB)	
			8.7 mg/m³ Air (BEV)	
2855-13-2	3-ami	nomethyl-3,5,5-trimet	hylcyclohexylamine	
Oral	DNEL	(Langzeit-wiederholt)	0.526 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)	
Inhalative	DNEL	(Kurzzeit-akut)	20.1 mg/m³ Air (ARB)	
	DNEL	(Langzeit-wiederholt)	0.073 mg/m³ Air (ARB)	
PNECs				
	36-0 fo	rmaldehyde polymer	with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and phenol	
		30 mg/l (KA)	<b>,,</b>	
•	٥,	0.002 mg/l (MW)		
		0.02 mg/l (SW)		
PNEC (fes	st)	0.0236 mg/kg Trocken	gew (BO)	
	^,	0.01 mg/kg Trockenge	<u> </u>	
		0.1001 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)		
100-51-6 Benzy		<u> </u>	9011 (0110)	
	•	39 mg/l (KA)		
i iveo (wa	issing)	0.1 mg/l (MW)		
		1 mg/l (SW)		
		- , ,		
	٠,4	2.3 mg/l (WAS)	iou (PO)	
PNEC (fes	il)	0.456 mg/kg Trockeng		
		0.527 mg/kg Trockeng	•	
		5.27 mg/kg Trockenge	ew (2002)	



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	,	(O t-l f
1477-55-0 m-ph	enylenebis(methylamine)	Contd. of pag
PNEC (wässrig)		
(	0.0094 mg/l (MW)	
	0.094 mg/l (SW)	
	0.152 mg/l (WAS)	
PNEC (fest)	0.045 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)	
11120 (1001)	0.043 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)	
	0.43 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)	
84852-15-3 4-nc	pnylphenol, branched	
	0.000527 mg/l (MW)	
THEO (Wassing)	0.000614 mg/l (SW)	
69-72-7 salicylic		
PNEC (wässrig)		
(	0.02 mg/l (MW)	
	0.2 mg/l (SW)	
PNEC (fest)	0.166 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)	
( )	0.142 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)	
	1.42 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)	
108-95-2 pheno		
PNEC (wässrig)		
- ( 3/	0.00077 mg/l (MW)	
	0.0077 mg/l (SW)	
PNEC (fest)	0.136 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)	
- ( )	0.00915 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)	
	0.0915 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)	
1760-24-3 N-(3-(	(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	
PNEC (wässrig)		
ν σ,	0.0062 mg/l (MW)	
	0.062 mg/l (SW)	
	0.62 mg/l (WAS)	
PNEC (fest)	0.0075 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)	
- ( )	0.005 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)	
	0.05 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)	
2855-13-2 3-ami	inomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	
PNEC (wässrig)	3.18 mg/l (KA)	
	0.006 mg/l (MW)	
	0.06 mg/l (SW)	
	0.23 mg/l (WAS)	
PNEC (fest)	1.121 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)	
, ,	0.578 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)	
	5.784 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)	
Additional inform		

- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic

measures:

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Clean skin thoroughly immediately after handling the product.

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· Protection of hands:

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Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Respiratory protection: Short term filter device:

Filter A/P2

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device. Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Skin protection agent recommendation for preventive skin shelter in application

and combination of protective gloves: STOKO EMULSION (http://www.stoko.com)

Skin protection recommendation for skin cleaning after product handling:

Kresto Classic (http://debstoko.com)

Skin protection agent recommendation for skin aftercare:

STOKO VITAN (http://www.stoko.com)

The protection gloves to be used have to comply with the specifications of the directive 89/686/EC and the directive derived decree EN374, respectively, e.g. the above listed protection glove type. The mentioned permeation times' data were generated and verified with material samples of the recommended protection glove type in the scope of laboratory anylyses of the company KCL GmbH in compliance with EN374.

This recommendation refers exclusively to the material safety data sheet referenced product delivered by Akemi and the indicated field of application. In case of product dilution or in case of mixture with different substances or chemicals, and in condition of EN374 deviation the producer of CE-approved protection gloves must be contacted for detailed information (e.g., KCL GmbH, Germany, 36124 Eichenzell, internet: http://www.kcl.de).



#### Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

Butyl rubber, BR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material Value fo

Value for the permeation: Level  $\leq$  6, 480 min

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Butyl rubber, BR

Butoject (KCL, Art No. 897, 898)

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Dermatril (Art No. 740, 741, 742)

Camatril (KCL, Art\_No. 730, 731, 732, 733)

Chloroprene rubber, CR

Camapren (KCL, Art\_No. 720, 722, 726)

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· As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are

suitable:

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Camatril (KCL, 730, 731, 732, 733)

Chloroprene rubber, CR

Camapren (KCL, Art\_No. 720, 722, 726)

Not suitable are gloves made of

the following materials:

Natural rubber, NR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

· Eye protection:

Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

Appearance:

Form: Fluid
Colour: Yellow
Odour: Characteristic

· Change in condition

Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 205 °C

· Flash point: 101 °C

· Ignition temperature: 380 °C

· Decomposition temperature: > 250 °C

· <u>Auto-ignition temperature:</u> Product is not selfigniting.

· Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Explosion limits:

<u>Upper:</u> 1.3 Vol % 13 Vol %

· <u>Vapour pressure at 20 °C:</u> 0.1 hPa

· Density at 20 °C: 1.06 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

· Viscosity:

Dynamic at 20 °C: 5,000 mPas
Kinematic: Not determined.

· Solvent content:

Organic solvents: 17.9 %

• **9.2 Other information** No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

• **10.1 Reactivity** No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability

Thermal decomposition /

conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

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· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions Strong exothermic reaction with acids.

Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No further relevant information available.

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

No further relevant information available.

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

LC50/48h

90 mg/l (Leuciscus idus)

Corrosive gases/vapours

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.

۰ <u>LD/LC50 ۱</u>	/alues relevant f	or classification:
ATE (Acu	te Toxicity Esti	imates)
Oral	LD50	2,302 mg/kg
Dermal	LD50	7,664 mg/kg
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	13.6 mg/l

1950616-36-0 formaldehyde polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and phenol   Oral   LD50   >2,000 mg/kg (rat)   >2,020 mg/kg (rat)     100-51-6 Benzyl alcohol     Oral   LD50   1,040 mg/kg (mouse)   1,040 mg/kg (rabbit)   1,620 mg/kg (rat)     NOEL   400 mg/kg (rat)   400 mg/kg (rat)     NOAEL   200 mg/kg (rat)   400 mg/kg (rat)     Dermal   LD50   2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)   1,000 ppm (rat)   LC50/4 h	Inhalative	LC50/4 h	13.6 mg/l			
Dermal   LD50   >2,020 mg/kg (rat)	1950616-3	1950616-36-0 formaldehyde polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and phenol				
100-51-6 Benzyl alcohol	Oral	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)			
Oral         LD50         1,040 mg/kg (rabbit)           1,040 mg/kg (rat)         1,620 mg/kg (rat)           NOEL         400 mg/kg (rat)           NOAEL         200 mg/kg (mouse)           400 mg/kg (rat)         400 mg/kg (rabbit)           Dermal         LD50         2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)           Inhalative         LC50/8h         1,000 ppm (rat)           LC50/4 h         11 mg/l (rat)           LC50/48h         360 mg/l (daphnia magna)           645 mg/l (goo)           1477-55-0 m-phenylenebis(methylamine)           Oral         LD50         <2,000 mg/kg (rat)           NOEL         150 mg/kg (rat)           Dermal         LD50         3,100 mg/kg (rabbit)           Inhalative         LC50/4 h         2.4 mg/l (rat)           LC50/1h         3.89 mg/l (rat)           B4852-15-3 4-nonylphenol, branched         Dermal           Oral         LD50         1,210 mg/kg (rat)           Dermal         LD50         >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)           Inhalative         LC50/4 h         3.636 mg/l (mouse)           69-72-7 salicylic acid         Oral         LD50         891 mg/kg (rat)           Oral         LD50         891 mg/kg (rat)         S00 mg/kg (rat)	Dermal	LD50	>2,020 mg/kg (rat)			
1,040 mg/kg (rabbit)   1,620 mg/kg (rat)     NOEL	100-51-6 E	Benzyl alcohol				
1,620 mg/kg (rat)   NOEL   400 mg/kg (rat)   NOAEL   200 mg/kg (mouse)   400 mg/kg (rat)   NOAEL   200 mg/kg (rabbit)   NOAEL   LO50   2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)   LC50/8h   1,000 ppm (rat)   LC50/4 h   11 mg/l (rat)   LC50/48h   360 mg/l (daphnia magna)   645 mg/l (goo)   NOEL   150 mg/kg (rat)   NOEL   150 mg/kg (rat)   NOEL   150 mg/kg (rat)   NOEL   150 mg/kg (rabbit)   LC50/4 h   2.4 mg/l (rat)   LC50/4 h   2.4 mg/l (rat)   NOEL   Sae mg/l (rat)   Sae mg/l (rat)   NOEL   Sae mg/l (rat)   Sae mg/l (rat)   NOEL   Sae mg/l (rat)   NOEL   Sae mg/l (rat)   NOEL   Sae mg/l (rat)   NOEL	Oral	LD50	1,040 mg/kg (mouse)			
NOEL			1,040 mg/kg (rabbit)			
NOAEL   200 mg/kg (mouse)   400 mg/kg (rat)			1,620 mg/kg (rat)			
Dermal   LD50   2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)		NOEL	400 mg/kg (rat)			
Dermal   LD50   2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)   1,000 ppm (rat)   LC50/4h   11 mg/l (rat)   LC50/48h   360 mg/l (daphnia magna)   645 mg/l (goo)   1477-55-0 m-phenylenebis(methylamine)   150 mg/kg (rat)   150 mg/kg (rat)   150 mg/kg (rabbit)   150 mg/kg (rabbit)   150/4h   150/4h		NOAEL	200 mg/kg (mouse)			
Inhalative			400 mg/kg (rat)			
LC50/4 h	Dermal	LD50	2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)			
LC50/48h   360 mg/l (daphnia magna)   645 mg/l (goo)	Inhalative	LC50/8h	1,000 ppm (rat)			
645 mg/l (goo)   1477-55-0 m-phenylenebis(methylamine)   Coral   LD50   <2,000 mg/kg (rat)   LD50   S,100 mg/kg (rabbit)   LC50/4 h   LC50/4 h   LC50/1h   S.89 mg/l (rat)   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rabbit)   LD50   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rabbit)   LD50   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rabbit)   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rat)   LD50   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rat)   LD50   LD50   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rat)   LD50   LD50   LD50   LD50   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rat)   LD50   LD50   LD50   LD50   LD50   S,2000 mg/kg (rat)   LD50   LD50		LC50/4 h	11 mg/l (rat)			
1477-55-0 m-phenylenebis(methylamine)         Oral       LD50       <2,000 mg/kg (rat)         NOEL       150 mg/kg (rat)         Dermal       LD50       3,100 mg/kg (rabbit)         Inhalative       LC50/4 h       2.4 mg/l (rat)         LC50/1h       3.89 mg/l (rat)         84852-15-3 4-nonylphenol, branched         Oral       LD50       1,210 mg/kg (rat)         Dermal       LD50       >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)         Inhalative       LC50/4 h       3.636 mg/l (mouse)         69-72-7 salicylic acid         Oral       LD50       891 mg/kg (rat)         NOAEL-Werte       250 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)		LC50/48h	360 mg/l (daphnia magna)			
Oral         LD50         <2,000 mg/kg (rat)			645 mg/l (goo)			
Dermal   LD50   3,100 mg/kg (rabbit)   1,000 mg/kg (rabbit)   2.4 mg/l (rat)   2.4 mg/l (rat)   3.89 mg/l (rat)   3.89 mg/l (rat)   3.89 mg/l (rat)   3.89 mg/l (rat)   3.20 mg/kg (rat)   3.20 mg/kg (rat)   3.20 mg/kg (rabbit)   3.20 mg/kg (rabbit)   3.636 mg/l (mouse)   69-72-7 salicylic acid   LD50   891 mg/kg (rat)   3.00 mg/kg (r	1477-55-0	m-phenyleneb				
Dermal   LD50   3,100 mg/kg (rabbit)     Inhalative   LC50/4 h   2.4 mg/l (rat)     LC50/1h   3.89 mg/l (rat)     84852-15-3 4-nonylphenol, branched     Oral   LD50   1,210 mg/kg (rat)     Dermal   LD50   >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)     Inhalative   LC50/4 h   3.636 mg/l (mouse)     69-72-7 salicylic acid     Oral   LD50   891 mg/kg (rat)     NOAEL-Werte   250 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)	Oral	LD50	<2,000 mg/kg (rat)			
Inhalative		NOEL	150 mg/kg (rat)			
LC50/1h   3.89 mg/l (rat)	Dermal	LD50	3,100 mg/kg (rabbit)			
84852-15-3 4-nonylphenol, branched         Oral       LD50       1,210 mg/kg (rat)         Dermal       LD50       >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)         Inhalative       LC50/4 h       3.636 mg/l (mouse)         69-72-7 salicylic acid         Oral       LD50       891 mg/kg (rat)         NOAEL-Werte       250 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)	Inhalative	LC50/4 h	2.4 mg/l (rat)			
Oral         LD50         1,210 mg/kg (rat)           Dermal         LD50         >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)           Inhalative         LC50/4 h         3.636 mg/l (mouse)           69-72-7 salicylic acid           Oral         LD50         891 mg/kg (rat)           NOAEL-Werte         250 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)		LC50/1h	3.89 mg/l (rat)			
Dermal   LD50   >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)   3.636 mg/l (mouse)		3 4-nonylphen	·			
Inhalative   LC50/4 h   3.636 mg/l (mouse)	Oral					
69-72-7 salicylic acid  Oral LD50 891 mg/kg (rat)  NOAEL-Werte 250 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)	Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)			
Oral LD50 891 mg/kg (rat) NOAEL-Werte 250 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)	Inhalative	LC50/4 h	3.636 mg/l (mouse)			
NOAEL-Werte 250 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 416)						
	Oral					
Dermal LD50 >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)						
	Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)			

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#### according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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#### Trade name: Akepox 2000 Component B

		(Contd. of page 10)
ا 108-95-2	ohenol	
Oral	LD50	300 mg/kg (mouse)
		317 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	630 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	316 mg/l (rat)
	LC50/8h	0.9 mg/l (rat)
1760-24-3	N-(3-(trimetho	xysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine
Oral	LD50	2,995 mg/kg (rat)
	NOEL	≥500 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 422)
	NOAEL	≥500 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	1.49 mg/l (rat)
2855-13-2	3-aminomethy	/l-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine
Oral	LD50	1,030 mg/kg (rat)
	NOAEL-Werte	>250 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	1,840 mg/kg (rabbit)
		>2,000 mg/kg (rat)

· Primary irritant effect:

· Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage. · Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

· Additional toxicological information:

· CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

· Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. · Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · Aspiration hazard

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### · 12 1 Toxicity

· 12.1 LOXICI	ty .
· <u>Aquatic toxi</u>	city:
	4,4'-lsopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine
EC50	>1,000 mg/l (BES)
EL50/48h	11.1 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EL50/72h	79.4 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
LL50/96h	70.7 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
1950616-36	-0 formaldehyde polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and phenol
EC50	491.3 mg/l (BES)
EC50/48h	29.8 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/72h	20.4 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
LC50/96h	25.9 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
100-51-6 Be	enzyl alcohol
EC50/24h	55-400 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/96h	640 mg/l (Scenedesmus pluvialis)
EC50	2,100 mg/l (BES) (OECD 209)
	(Contd. on page 12)

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# Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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ung date 22	.05.2021 Version number 9	Nevision, 22.03.2
de name: A	kepox 2000 Component B	
		(Contd. of page
	79 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)	
EC10/16h	658 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)	
EC50/48h	230 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)	
EC0	640 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)	
EC50/16h	658 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)	
EC50/30min	71.4 mg/l (Photobac. phosphoreum)	
	400 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)	
IC5/96h	640 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)	
NOEC	310 mg/kg (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	
NOEC/21d	51 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD211)	
EC50/72h	770 mg/l (green alge) (OECD 201)	
	770 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	
LC50/96h	645 mg/l (goo)	
	10 mg/l (lepomis macrochirus)	
	460 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)	
1477-55-0 m	n-phenylenebis(methylamine)	
EC50/48h	15.2 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
EC50/30min	>1,000 mg/l (BES)	
NOEC/21d	4.7 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
EC50/72h	12 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
	32.1 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum)	
LC50/96h	>100 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
	87.6 mg/l (Oryzias latipes)	
	>100 mg/l (Zebrabärbling)	
84852-15-3	4-nonylphenol, branched	
EC50/96h	0.41 mg/l (green alge)	
EC50/48h	0.085 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
NOEC/21d	0.024 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
EC50/72h	0.33 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
LC50/96h	0.128 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)	
69-72-7 sali		
EC50	380 mg/l (BES) (OECD 209)	
LC50/24h	105-230 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
EC50/48h	870 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)	
EC50/16h	380 mg/l (bacteria)	
NOEC/21d	10 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202 II)	
EC50/72h	>100 mg/l (green alge) (OECD 201)	
LC50/96h	1,370 mg/l (piscis) (OECD 203)	
	1,380 mg/l (pimephales promelas)	
108-95-2 ph		
EC50/24h	21 mg/l (BO)	
EC50/96h	61.1 mg/l (green alge)	
EC50/48h	3.1 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
LC50/96h	8.9 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
	l-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	
EC50	435 mg/l (Klärschlamm: Atmungs-/Vermehrungshemmung)	



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## Safety data sheet

#### according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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**Trade name:** Akepox 2000 Component B

IC50/72h 8.8 mg/l (green alge) (OECD 201)
EC50/48h 81 mg/l (daphnia magna)

EC50/16h 67 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
NOEC 3.1 mg/kg (green alge) (OECD 201)

≥1,000 mg/kg (Eisenia fetida ( Regenwürmer)) (OECD 207)

NOEC/21d >1 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/48h 87.4 mg/l (daphnia magna)

EC50/72h 5 mg/l (green alge)

126 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)

LC50/96h 344 mg/l (Brachydanio rerio)

597 mg/l (Danio rerio.)

168 mg/l (pimephales promelas)

2855-13-2 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

EC50/24h 44 mg/l (daphnia magna)

LC 0/96h 70 mg/l (piscis)

EC10/18h 1,120 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)

EC50/48h 23 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD TG 202)

ErC50/72h >50 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus) (EG 88/302)

NOEC/21d 3 mg/l (daphnia magna)

EC10 11.2 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50/72h 37 mg/l (green alge) (EG 88/302)

37 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)

LC50/96h 110 mg/l (Brachydanio rerio) (EG 84/449) 110 mg/l (Leuciscus idus) (EG 84/449)

12.2 Persistence and

degradability
No further relevant information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No further relevant information available.

· 12.4 Mobility in soil · Ecotoxical effects:

· Remark: Harmful to fish

· Additional ecological information:

General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

No further relevant information available.

Harmful to aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for

water

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: Not applicable.

· vPvB:

1760-24-3 N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine

**12.6 Other adverse effects** No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment methods

• <u>Recommendation</u> Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to

reach sewage system.

Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation: Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after

thorough and proper cleaning.

· Recommended cleansing agents: Alcohol

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# Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 22.03.2021 Version number 9 Revision: 22.03.2021

acetone	(Contd. of page
SECTION 14: Transport information	
14.1 UN-Number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN2735
14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR  IMDG, IATA	2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (4,4 Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamin formaldehyde polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanamin and phenol), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (4,4 Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamin formaldehyde polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanamin and phenol)
ADR  Class	8 (C7) Corrosive substances.
IMDG, IATA	8 ` <i>'</i> 
Class Label	8 Corrosive substances. 8
14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	III
14.5 Environmental hazards:  Marine pollutant: Special marking (ADR):	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances No Symbol (fish and tree)
14.6 Special precautions for user Hazard identification number (Kemler code): EMS Number: Segregation groups Stowage Category Segregation Code	Warning: Corrosive substances. 80 F-A,S-B Alkalis A SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of N	<u>larpol</u>

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**Trade name:** Akepox 2000 Component B

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 $\cdot \, \underline{\text{Transport/Additional information:}} \\$ 

· ADR

· Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E1

Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml

Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml

· IMDG

Limited quantities (LQ)

5L Code: F1

Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E1

Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml

· UN "Model Regulation":

UN 2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL, OLIGOMERIC REACTION PRODUCTS WITH 1-CHLORO-2,3-EPOXYPROPANE, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH 3-A M I N O M E T H Y L - 3 , 5 , 5 - TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE, FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER WITH 1,3-BENZENEDIMETHANAMINE AND PHENOL), 8, III, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances -

ANNEX I

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Seveso category

E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the

application of lower-tier

requirements 200 t

Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the

application of upper-tier

application of upper-tier

requirements 500 t

· National regulations:

· Information about limitation of use: Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be

observed.

· Waterhazard class: Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.

· Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57

84852-15-3 4-nonylphenol, branched

· VOC EU 190.3 g/l

· 15.2 Chemical safety

**assessment:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.H311 Toxic in contact with skin.H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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## **AKEMI®**

### Safety data sheet

#### according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 22.03.2021 Version number 9 Revision: 22.03.2021

#### **Trade name:** Akepox 2000 Component B

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- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

refer to Technical Data Sheet (TDS)

- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- · Recommended restriction of use

· Department issuing SDS:

Laboratory

· Contact:

Elke Hake

Fon ++49 (0)911 64296-59

@mail E.Hake@akemi.de

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European

Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (RÈACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1 Skin Sens. 1A: Skin sensitisation – Category 1A Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 3

 \* Data compared to the previous version altered.

Adaptation in accordance with REACH directive 1907/2006/EC

GE