<u> AIR</u>	FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.	Revision nr. 13
		Dated 12/06/2019
	WET	Printed on 12/06/2019
		Page n. 1/13
		Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)

Safety data sheet according to regulation (CE) n. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, and successive adjustments introduced by Commission Regulation (EU) no. 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name WET

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use

Consolidating protective agent for "wet effect" natural stone.

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Uses	*	*	*
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name Full address District and Country	t FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S Via Garibaldi, 58 35018 San Martino di Lupari ITALIA		
	Tel. +39.049.9467300		
	Fax +39.049.9460753		
e-mail address of the competent person			
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	sds@filasolutions.com		
1.4. Emergency telephone number			
For urgent inquiries refer to	TEL +39.049.9467300 (Monda Friday; 8.30 - 12.30 and 14.0 UNITED KINGDOM: NHS Dir		North Ireland) 08454647

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

(Wales); IRELAND 018092166

Hazard classification and indication:

l	Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
l	Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
l	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
l	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
l	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
l	category 2		



2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:









Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

Contains: SOLVENT NAPHTA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

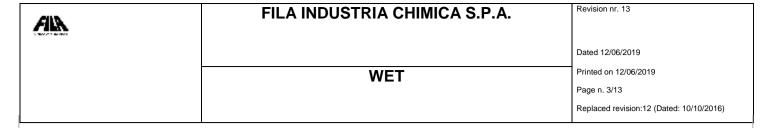
Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an incendiary discharge. Material can release vapors that readily form flammable mixtures. Vapour accumulation could ignite and / or explode if ignited

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures



Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

SOLVENT NAPHTA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM

CAS - 75 ≤ x < 93 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066

EC 918-668-5 INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This product contains residues of PMMA resin: may cause an allergic reaction in persons already sensitised.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for

AIR	FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.	Revision nr. 13
		Dated 12/06/2019
	WET	Printed on 12/06/2019
		Page n. 4/13
		Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)

extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2018

| SOLVENT NAPHTA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM | Threshold Limit Value | Type | Country | TWA/8h | STEL/15min | STE

Health - Derived no-er	tect ievei - DNEL / L	JMEL						
	Effects on				Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	11 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation			VND	32 mg/m3			VND	150 mg/m3
Skin			VND	11 mg/kg/d			VND	25 mg/kg/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

TLV of solvent mixture: 100 mg/m3

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.	Revision nr. 13
	Dated 12/06/2019
WET	Printed on 12/06/2019
	Page n. 6/13
	Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance viscous liquid
Colour transparent

Odour Distinctive odour of aromatic

solvent Odour threshold Not available рΗ Not applicable Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Boiling range Not available > 40 °C Flash point **Evaporation Rate** Not available Flammability of solids and gases not applicable Lower inflammability limit Not available

Upper inflammability limit

Lower explosive limit

7 % (V/V)

Upper explosive limit

0,8 % (V/V)

Vapour pressure

Not available

Vapour density

Relative density

0,908

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available
Auto-ignition temperature Not available
Decomposition temperature Not available
Viscosity Not available



Explosive properties not applicable
Oxidising properties not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC): 81,41 % - 739,20 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon): 68,65 % - 623,36 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Due to thermal decomposition or in case of fire, gases and vapors can be released that are potentially harmful to health.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

This product contains residues of PMMA resin: may cause an allergic reaction in persons already sensitised.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available



Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

SOLVENT NAPHTA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM

LD50 (Oral) > 3492 mg/kg rat OCSE 401

LD50 (Dermal) > 3160 mg/kg rabbit OCSE 402

LC50 (Inhalation) > 6193 mg/l/4h rat OCSE 403

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

	AIR	FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.	Revision nr. 13	
			Dated 12/06/2019	l
		WET	Printed on 12/06/2019	l
			Page n. 9/13	l
			Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)	l
- 11			1	

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment. 12.1. Toxicity

SOLVENT NAPHTA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT

AROM

LC50 - for Fish

9,2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (read across)

EC50 - for Crustacea

3,2 mg/l/48h DAphnia magna (read across)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

2,9 mg/l/72h EL50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (read across)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

SOLVENT NAPHTA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM Rapidly degradable 78% 28d

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

AIR	FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMIC	Revision nr. 13
		Dated 12/06/2019
	WET	Printed on 12/06/2019
		Page n. 10/13
		Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1268

IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Alkyl C3 benzenes, cymenes)
IMDG: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Alkyl C3 benzenes, cymenes)
IATA: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Alkyl C3 benzenes, cymenes)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III

IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally

Hazardous



<u>AIR</u>	FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.	Revision nr. 13
		Dated 12/06/2019
	WET	Printed on 12/06/2019
	·· <u>·</u> ·	Page n. 11/13
		Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)
		l .

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

Pass.:

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Tunnel Quantities: restriction

code: (D/E)

Special Provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-E

Quantities: -Cargo: Maximum

Packaging instructions:

quantity: 220

Limited

310 Maximum Packaging

quantity: 60 L

instructions: 309

Special Instructions:

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>

IATA:

3 - 40 Point

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

<u> Alla</u>	FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.	Revision nr. 13
		Dated 12/06/2019
	WET	Printed on 12/06/2019
		Page n. 12/13
		Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 3: Severe hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

SOLVENT NAPHTA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

Revision nr. 13 FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A. ДIN Dated 12/06/2019 Printed on 12/06/2019 WET Page n. 13/13 Replaced revision:12 (Dated: 10/10/2016)

- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 14 / 15.